

Entrance exam example 2018/ Engineering

The following are some examples of the type of questions asked in the entrance exam. The answers are given on page 2.

Mathematics

- $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{1}{x} = 2x$
- $\frac{1}{x} - 4x = 0$
- $\sqrt{x^2 - 9} = 9$
- Solve a and b if $10 = 2a + 1b$ and $0 = -5a + 4b$
- There is a square that touches the inside of a circle. The radius of the circle is $R = 1$. Draw that this setup. A) Calculate the length of the squares sides. b) Calculate the ratio of the area of the square to the area of the circle
- Find the zeros of the function $y = 2x^2 + 3x - 9$, indicate the position of this minimum/maximum and create a sketch for the function from $-4 \leq x \leq +4$.
- Find the intersections of a circle and a line if $R^2 = x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and a line is $y = 3x$.

Logic

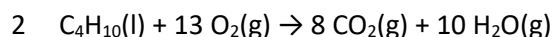
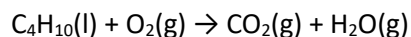
- There are trees in the forest, on average one tree per 10 m^2 . Each tree is 20 meters high and the equivalent shape of the tree trunk is a cylinder with a constant diameter of 25 cm. Calculate the timber volume per hectare.
- There is a fence of length L . Calculate the ratio of the areas if the fenced geometry is either a square or a circle?
- What is the total density of a mixture from 30% of A with density of $\rho_A = 1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$ and 70% of B with a density of $\rho_B = 5000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$?

Physics

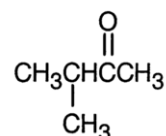
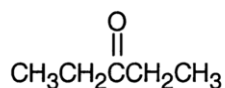
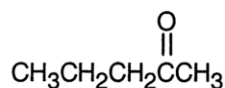
- A satellite orbits earth in a geostationary orbit. This means the satellite is permanently above the same position at the equator. The satellite orbit is 36000 km above earth surface, earth radius is 6400km. What is the approximate orbital velocity of the satellite?
- The wave velocity in a solid is $v = \sqrt{\frac{E}{\rho}}$. Assume a material with a Young's modulus of $E = 1000 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Pa}$ and density of $\rho = 1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$. How long time does an acoustic wave with before velocity need to travel along a rail line of 1000 km.

Chemistry

- Balance the following equation.



- There are 3 ketone isomers with the formula $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$. Draw their structures.



Mathematics

1. **answer: $x = \pm\sqrt{3}$**
2. **answer: $x = \pm\frac{1}{2}$**
3. **answer: $x = \pm 10$**
4. **answer: $a = \frac{40}{13}$ and $b = \frac{50}{13}$**
5. **answer A) $\sqrt{2}R = \sqrt{2}$ B) $\frac{A_{square}}{A_{circle}} = \frac{(\sqrt{2} \cdot 1)^2}{\pi \cdot 1^2} = \frac{2}{\pi}$**
6. **answer: $x_1 = -3$ and $x_2 = +1.5$**
7. **answer: $x_{1/2} = \pm\sqrt{\frac{1}{10}}$**

Logic

1. **answer: $V_i = \pi R^2 h = \pi \cdot 0.125^2 \cdot 20 \text{ m}^3$, $N = \frac{10000 \text{ m}^2}{10 \text{ m}^2} = 1000 \text{ trees}$. $V_{tot} = N V_i = 1000 \pi \cdot 0.125^2 \cdot 20 \text{ m}^3$**
2. **answer: $a_{square} = \frac{L}{4}$ and $R = \frac{L}{2\pi}$ leaves $\frac{A_{square}}{A_{circle}} = \left(\frac{L}{4}\right)^2 \frac{(2\pi)^2}{\pi L^2} = \frac{\pi}{4}$**
3. **answer: $\rho_{tot} = 0.3 \rho_A + 0.7 \rho_B = 300 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} + 3500 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} = 3800 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$**

Physics

1. **answer: $|\vec{v}| = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{2\pi R}{t} = 2\pi \frac{R_{earth} + R_{orbit}}{t} = 2\pi \frac{42400}{24} \left[\frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}} \right]$**
2. **answer: $v = \sqrt{\frac{E}{\rho}} = \sqrt{\frac{1000}{1000} \cdot 10^6 \frac{\text{N m}^3}{\text{m}^2 \text{ kg}}} = 1000 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$. Time of flight $t = \frac{s}{v} = \frac{1000 \text{ km}}{1000 \text{ m/s}} = 1000 \text{ s}$**

For further information related to the questions and answers below, please contact rene@arcada.fi